IEHP UM Subcommittee Approved Authorization Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Guideline</th>
<th>Congregate Living Health Facilities</th>
<th>Guideline #</th>
<th>UM_OTH 15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Original Effective Date</td>
<td>8/8/2018</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

I. COVERAGE POLICY:

A. Congregate Living Health Facilities (CLHF) are residential medical care facilities that provide inpatient care in a home-like, communal environment. Levels of care include skilled and subacute levels.

B. IEHP has elected to offer the Congregate Living Health Facilities (CLHF) benefit to select Members for subacute level of care only. CLHFs are routinely covered by the Medi-Cal In Home Operations (IHO) waiver program (Medi-Cal 2018). IEHP Members may qualify for admission to a Congregate Living Health Facility depending on the degree of severity or medical complexity of the Member. Members who meet the criteria for subacute facility level of care can be evaluated for admission to a CLHF under the IEHP benefit.

C. Members may qualify for admission to a CLHF under at least one of the following medical complexities:
   1. Catastrophic illness (traumatic brain injury, anoxic brain injury)
   2. Chronic neurocognitive deficit (cerebral palsy)
   3. Advanced stage neurological disease (e.g., Spinal Muscular Atrophy, Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy)
   4. Quadriplegia, hemiplegia or paraplegia
   5. Recent severe neurologic illness (e.g., cerebrovascular event) occurring ≤ 30 days prior with sequelae
   6. Dependence on medical technology (mechanical ventilators, hemodialysis) with other co-morbidities

   AND

D. Care at CLHFs is provided for IEHP Members who require at least two of the following services:
   1. Continuous (24-hour) skilled nursing and supportive care provided by licensed healthcare professionals under the supervision and direction of a board certified Medical Director (MD/DO)
   2. Frequent, intermittent vital signs, neurologic and/or vascular monitoring requiring 24-hour care
   3. Ventilator or tracheostomy dependence/complex pulmonary care that cannot be provided at a lower level of care
   4. Intermittent Respiratory Therapy services for oxygen delivery, suctioning, CPAP or BiPAP
   5. Dietary care including tube feeding or total parenteral nutrition (TPN) with other medical co-morbidities not manageable at a lower level of care
   6. Gastrostomy or ileostomy care (created ≤ 90 days prior) not manageable at a lower level of care
7. Complex wound care (debridement, packing, extensive dressing) requiring an extended time period (> 30 minutes) or intravenous analgesia prior to care
8. Medication monitoring of intravenous antibiotics or 5 or more medications
9. Physically disabled persons requiring assistance with ADLs, IADLs and/or medical skilled needs
10. Psychosocial support provided by licensed clinical social workers and therapists
11. Subacute rehabilitation for physical, occupational and recreational therapy provided by licensed physical therapists at least 2 hours per day, five days per week
12. Complex teaching services to the individual or caregiver requiring 24-hour facility setting
13. Skin care, oral care and position changes that cannot be provided at a lower level of care

E. A prior authorization request must be initiated by the Member’s healthcare team which can be at the short term acute hospital, the long term acute care hospital or a traditional subacute care facility. Requests are approved for 6 months and are re-evaluated for continued medical necessity for up to an additional 6 months. The Member will be discharged to a lower level of care (e.g., home, SNF) when medical necessity criteria for CLHFs are no longer met.

II. COVERAGE LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS:
   A. Members who meet criteria for Long Term Acute Care hospitals (LTACH) or Skilled Nursing facilities (SNF) are not eligible for this benefit under IEHP because those cases can be admitted to contracted skilled nursing facilities or at long term acute care hospitals.
   B. Members with remaining Medicare skilled days are not eligible to receive this benefit under IEHP.
   C. Members with severe behavioral health diagnoses who may be at risk to self or to others exceed the patient care capacity and physical environment of the CLHF due to the communal setting. Members with severe persistent mental illness will be referred to the County Department of Behavioral Health for post-acute care placement options.
   D. Members will be eligible to remain in the CLHF under the Health Plan benefit for up to one year. Members will be required to complete the In-Home Operations waiver as required by Medi-Cal for ongoing eligibility of benefits.

III. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:
   A. Congregate Living Health Facilities (CLHFs) are residential medical care facilities that provide inpatient care on the level of a subacute facility but in a home-like, communal environment. CLHFs do not provide long term acute care on the level of an intensive care unit or an acute hospital. Individuals who reside at CLHFs are medically fragile and/or medically complex, and would otherwise reside in subacute care facilities, acute care hospitals or other non-residential medical institutions.
   B. In general, CLHF benefits are usually provided under the Medi-Cal FFS line of business by means of an in-home operations (IHO) waiver. Due to the need for additional beds at the subacute level of care and the medical and/or therapeutic benefit that some Members may receive in a home-like setting, the Health Plan will cover this benefit for a defined period of time for select IEHP Members who meet criteria.
   C. Congregate Living Health Facilities provide subacute level skilled nursing care on a recurring, intermittent, extended, or continuous basis for patients with complex medical conditions. This care allows IEHP Members whose medical complexity requires care that is more intense than that provided in basic skilled nursing facilities or at home to transition down to a lower level of care from general acute care hospitals (short term acute care (STACH) and long term acute care hospitals (LTACH)).
IV. DEFINITION OF TERMS:

A. The CA Department of Public Health defines a Congregate Living Health Facility as a residential home with a capacity of no more than 18 beds that provides inpatient care, including the following basic services: medical supervision, 24-hour skilled nursing and supportive care, pharmacy, dietary, social, recreational, and at least one type of the following services:

   a. Services for persons who are mentally alert, physically disabled and may be ventilator dependent
   b. Services for persons who have a diagnosis of terminal illness, a diagnosis of a life-threatening illness, or both
   c. Services for persons who are catastrophically and severely disabled.

B. The primary need of Congregate Living Health Facility residents shall be for availability of skilled nursing care on a recurring, intermittent, extended, or continuous basis. This care is generally less intense than that provided in general acute care hospitals but more intense than that provided in skilled nursing facilities (CDPH 2018).

C. Adjusted Clinical Groups (ACG) - The ACG System includes a number of special population markers to identify patient populations requiring specialized care. These markers enhance the clinical screening process by providing meaningful filtering criteria and clinical context. This is an extremely useful tool when trying to stratify risk by populations.

REFERENCES:

2. California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Division 3, Subdivision 1, Chapter 3, Article 4, § 51335. Skilled Nursing Facility Services.
DISCLAIMER
IEHP Clinical Authorization Guidelines (CAG) are developed to assist in administering plan benefits, they do not constitute a description of plan benefits. The Clinical Authorization Guidelines (CAG) express IEHP's determination of whether certain services or supplies are medically necessary, experimental and investigational, or cosmetic. IEHP has reached these conclusions based upon a review of currently available clinical information (including clinical outcome studies in the peer-reviewed published medical literature, regulatory status of the technology, evidence-based guidelines of public health and health research agencies, evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations, views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas, and other relevant factors). IEHP makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information cited or relied upon in the Clinical Authorization Guidelines (CAG). IEHP expressly and solely reserves the right to revise the Clinical Authorization Guidelines (CAG), as clinical information changes.